U.S. Department of the Treasury Bureau of the Fiscal Service

Supplement to Treasury Financial Manual (TFM) Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000: Requirements for Non-Treasury Disbursing Officers (NTDOs)



Non-Treasury Disbursed Offices (NTDO) Self-Certification Guide for Delegated Disbursing Agencies (DDA)

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Background

Delegated disbursing authority is the specific authorization from the U.S. Department of the Treasury's (Treasury's) Bureau of the Fiscal Service (Fiscal Service) to an agency, permitting the agency to disburse funds for a specific purpose or application. The delegation of disbursing authority specifies the disbursement mechanism(s) and authorizations.

A delegation of disbursing authority is provided pursuant to the authority granted to the Secretary of the Treasury in 31 U.S.C. 3321 (b). Fiscal Service's programmatic responsibility is to provide oversight and guidance to delegated disbursing agencies. It is incumbent upon agencies with delegated disbursing authority to ensure that they have proper controls for accountability and security in place.

Fiscal Service delegates disbursing authority to agencies on a very limited basis. Delegations are granted only when:

- An agency requires a level of service for disbursing funds that Fiscal Service cannot provide; or
- It is more efficient and cost beneficial to the Federal Government
- The agency's needs preclude the cash management needs of the Treasury; and
- The agency has provided certified assurance that it has effective internal control measures and that security requirements will be followed.

Purpose

This guide prescribes procedures by which agencies with granted delegation of disbursing authority (see TFM Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000, subsection 4050.50a -Review and Self-Certification Reporting Requirements, on the Fiscal Service Website at https://tfx.treasury.gov/tfm/volume1/part4a/chapter-4000-requirements-non-treasury-disbursing-officers-ntdos) self- certify that their organization is in compliance with the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act of 1982 (FMFIA), Section 2 and Section 4 requirements.



Authority

The applicable regulations and guidance governing this guide are:

- TFM Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000
- Federal Managers Financial Integrity Act of 1982, Pub. Law No. 97-255 (31 U.S.C. § 3512)
- Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996 (FFMIA), Pub. Law No. 104-208 (31 U.S.C. § 3512 note)
- Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-123
- <u>TFM Volume I, Part 4, Chapter 6000</u> (44 U.S.C. Chapters 21, 29, 31, and 35)
- Executive Order 13224.

Objectives

Every 2 years, agencies with delegated disbursing authority shall conduct a review of their disbursing operations to ensure that they are in compliance with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements. Specifically, each agency must self-certify that its Section 2 and Section 4 reports, as they relate to disbursements, provide reasonable assurance that the agency is in compliance with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements, through its submission of the completed self-certification letter (on Agency letterhead) and questionnaire to the Fiscal Service Chief Disbursing Officer.

To the extent that an agency self-certifies "non-compliance" or "qualified assurance" with Section 2 and Section 4 requirements, it must identify all material weaknesses and its corrective action plan to achieve compliance within an identified timeframe.

The responses given to the questions in the attached questionnaire for the functions of issuance and reporting, and inventory maintenance and reporting, will determine whether there is reasonable assurance that agency controls and security for delegated disbursement authority are adequate to compensate for any risks associated with the process. There are two aspects of the determination of assurance.

- 1. There should be an evaluation of the degree of the risk inherent in the delegated disbursement authority.
- 2. There should be assurance that the existence of controls minimizes any inherent risk in the process.

Therefore, the vulnerability (the risk presented to the Government) is the net effect of inherent risk and the countervailing controls.

The questionnaire also addresses the implementation of the requirements posed by the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, as amended (DCIA). The questions address the Non-Treasury Disbursing Office (NTDO) compliance of items outlined in the DCIA.



In addition, the questionnaire requests verification of compliance with the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2012 (IPERIA), as it may be amended.

Definitions

For purposes of this document, the following definitions shall apply:

Agency—The agency with delegated disbursing authority.

Abuse—Violation of Treasury, agency, or disbursement regulations or laws that impairs the effective and efficient performance of the responsibilities.

Accountable Officer—A U.S. Government official or employee who, on behalf of the United States, receives and maintains public funds, certifies vouchers, or maintains or draws checks on accounts of the United States, including those in depositary banks designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Assessable Unit—An agency program or administrative function or subdivision that is to be subject to an internal controls' vulnerability assessment.

Automated Clearing House (ACH)— A secure system to transfer funds that acts as the central clearing facility for Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) transactions.

Control Objectives—A desired goal for a specific function that reduces the potential for fraud, waste, and abuse, and/or ensures efficiency, effectiveness, and economy of the operations.

Control Technique—A series of carefully constructed checks and balances that provide reasonable assurance that control objectives are met.

Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, as amended (DCIA)—A law mandating, among other things, that all Federal disbursing officials match their payments with a database of delinquent debts maintained by Treasury and offset those payments to collect the debts. The DCIA also requires federal entities to submit delinquent non-tax debt owed to the U.S. Government that is 120 days delinquent to Treasury for collection by offset.

Disbursement System—An automated system comprised of one or more applications that is used to transmit and/or issue payments.

Disbursement Process—A process or series of automated and/or manual functions used to issue payments.

Do Not Pay (DNP)—The Do Not Pay business center and centralized system, which is administered by Fiscal Service's Debt Management Services (DMS), was established by the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Improvement Act (IPERIA) of 2012 to support federal agencies with their efforts to prevent and detect improper payments.

Fiscal Points—The internal control review points between the initial certification of a payment and the disbursement of that payment.

Financial Management System—The financial systems and the financial portions of mixed systems necessary to support financial management.

Financial System—An information system, comprised of one or more applications, that is used to collect, process, maintain, transmit, and report data about financial events; support financial planning; accumulate and report cost information; and support the preparation of financial statements.

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Fedwire—A mechanism for making same-day electronic payments. Payments must be processed through the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. They are single payments, usually of a high dollar amount.

Fraud—The intentional, wrongful obtaining of money or obtaining some unfair or dishonest advantage. Fraud includes theft, embezzlement, false statements, illegal commissions, kickbacks, conspiracies, and collusive arrangements.

Function—An identified activity related to the disbursement process that is subject to internal controls.

General Control Environment—Various environmental factors that can influence the effectiveness of internal controls over the disbursement process. **Head of Agency**—The individual with the authority to sign the delegated disbursing authority Memorandum of Understanding between the agency and Fiscal Service. This could be the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Deputy CFO, or a legally accepted equivalent.

Information System—The organized collection, processing, transmission, and dissemination of information in accordance with defined procedures, whether automated or manual.

Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2010 (IPERA)—A law mandating, among other things, that all federal agencies identify programs susceptible to significant improper payments, submit an estimated amount of improper payments to Congress, and report on actions to address improper payments. The law also established the Do Not Pay initiative.

Internal Controls—The steps that the agency takes to provide reasonable assurance that obligations and costs are in compliance with applicable regulations and laws; funds and property, and other assets, are safeguarded against waste, loss, unauthorized use, or misappropriation; and revenues and expenditures applicable to agency operations are properly accounted for and recorded.

Material Weakness—See "Significant Deficiency" below.

Risk—A situation or set of circumstances under which an unwanted occurrence such as loss, error, fraud, or mismanagement might occur in a program or administration component because internal controls are not adopted or implemented or are inadequate.

Risk Assessment—An evaluation of the agency's susceptibility to waste, fraud, and mismanagement.

Significant Deficiency (formerly known as material weakness)—A situation in which designed procedures, or the degree of operational compliance therewith does not provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of internal controls are being accomplished.

Treasury Offset Program (TOP)—A centralized offset program, administered by Fiscal Service's Debt Management Services (DMS).

Vulnerability Assessment—An internal controls assessment performed by the agency's managers utilizing a process and forms developed by the agency's management control officers, program coordinators, or program administrators.



Instructions

The following self-certification guide and questionnaire (a separate fillable document provided) should be used by your agency to determine if your agency is operating in accordance with prescribed internal control procedures and standards for disbursing. It also will be used by Fiscal Service to assess each agency's compliance with TFM Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000.

When answering the questions in the questionnaire, you should:

- Consider your agency's overall delegated disbursement authority activities.
- Answer questions 1-23.
- Agencies that disburse checks **must** also answer questions 24-32.
- Answer all questions on the questionnaire in full or enter "N/A" where appropriate if the question does not apply to your agency.

The self-certification letter (template provide in separate document) must be on official agency letterhead of the submitting agency and include the following statements:

In accordance with the Treasury Financial Manual, Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000, we have completed the full self-assessment and self-certify compliance to the following:

- 1. Agency requires a particular level of service for disbursing funds that Fiscal Service cannot provide;
- 2. Delegation is more efficient and cost effective to the Federal government and the public;
- 3. Agency's needs preclude the cash management needs of the Treasury;
- 4. Agency maintains effective internal controls and complies with pertinent security guidelines;
- 5. Agency follows the disbursing official and cashier guidelines set forth under 31 USC 3322, 3325, and 3528;
- 6. Agency assumes full accountability and liability for all disbursements issued under the delegation. The agency must not delegate the duties and functions related to the delegation to another party without consultation and prior written approval by the Chief Disbursing Officer;
- 7. Agency reporting of all disbursements made under the delegation in the agency's payment accounting reports to Fiscal Service, using the appropriate agency accounting codes, as authorized by Fiscal Service. The agency must submit immediately to the Chief Disbursing Officer any irregularity in accounts involving disbursement activity. Furthermore, the agency must resolve any irregularities or discrepancies associated with such reports;
- 8. Agency shall periodically obtain the services of a third party to assess the need for the delegated authority. This agency report will be provided to



Treasury;

- 9. As an Agency with delegated disbursing authority, the agency practices effective security and internal control measures as prescribed by Fiscal Service (in Treasury Directive No. 71-10), GAO, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB); and
- 10. Agency is in compliance with the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996 (FFMIA), 31 U.S.C. § 3512, note.

The self-certification statement must also include an original wet or electronic signature from the agency head or an appropriate accountable officer of the agency. The agency must indicate that it has fully completed the questionnaire and, based on its response and analysis to the questions held therein, the agency (*select one*):

- can give reasonable assurance (unqualified statement);
- can give reasonable assurance with the exception of the material weaknesses noted (qualified statement);
- cannot provide reasonable assurance (a statement of no assurance) that it meets the prescribed standards for internal controls and disbursing and is in compliance with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements.

Your agency should forward a self-certification statement and the completed questionnaire to the Chief Disbursing Officer or their designee at Fiscal Service via email within 10 business days of receipt of a request by Fiscal Service for a self-certification.

Once Fiscal Service receives an agency's complete response package (Self-certification letter, questionnaire and supporting documents), a Fiscal Service representative will send an email acknowledgement to the sending agency confirming receipt of the agency's response. Fiscal Service will then complete an internal review of the response and will either send a letter signed by the Chief Disbursing Officer with the results of the review or any follow-up questions within 30 business days of receipt of the response package.



The following is for informational purposes only and is the contents of the questionnaire that is provided in a separate fillable document.

Agencies should complete the form provided and **NOT** copy/paste the questions from below.

Internal Control Assessment Questionnaire:

Agency Background

- 1. What was the original purpose of your agency's request for delegated disbursing authority?
- 2. When was the last time your agency evaluated the purpose for delegated disbursing authority against your original intent to see if your need for delegated disbursing is still valid, cannot be provided by Fiscal Service, cost effective to the U.S. Government, and/or efficient?
 - a. Please explain how this evaluation is completed including specific methodologies and findings from the last evaluation.
- 3. Please describe in detail the services that are provided by your agency that cannot be provided by a Treasury disbursing office. In your response **briefly** describe the organizational and system processes used in the disbursement of funds. Furthermore, please identify the process and fiscal points between the certification and disbursement of payments along with the employee structure that supports the process. Indicate in your description:
 - a. The Head of the Agency;
 - b. The head of the functional area responsible for the delegated disbursing authority;
 - c. The designated Certifying Officer and/or the Disbursing Officers;
 - d. Functional areas (e.g. disbursing, accounting, Reporting units);
 - e. The number of employees who access the system; and
 - f. The number of external users who access the system.



- 4. Describe how your agency designates its Certifying and Disbursing Officers?
 - a. Does the head of your agency designate Disbursing and Certifying Officers?
 - b. Please describe the formal process your agency uses for appointing Certifying and Disbursing Officers?
 - c. How are records for all designations maintained and stored?
 - d. Do only U.S. Government employees perform actual disbursements?
 - e. Do you have a process for renewing and/or rescinding Certifying and Disbursing Officer designations?
 - i. If yes, please describe the process and the frequency.
- 5. By applicable payment type, (for example, ACH payments, Fedwire and Check payments), what was the payment volume and dollar amount of payments last fiscal year? Please also include the maximum, minimum, and average dollar amount of each payment type for the last fiscal year.
- 6. By applicable payment type, (for example, ACH payments, Fedwire and Check payments), describe the average time it takes to issue a payment from the point of certification to issuance? What are the longest and shortest times?
- 7. Describe the past fiscal year payments disbursed by volume and dollar amounts for the categories of Miscellaneous, Vendor, Salary, Grant and /or Benefit. For each category, please also provide the maximum, minimum, and average dollar amount for payments disbursed in the past fiscal year.
- 8. Does your agency cross-service/disburse payments for other agencies?
 - a. If yes, please list the agencies for which you perform these services (include the volume and categories of these disbursements and the dollar value for each agency).
 - b. Did you notify the Chief Disbursing Officer of these services being performed for the cross-serviced agency? If so, what form did the notification take?
 - c. Please provide a copy of the Memorandum of Understanding or Letter of Agreement for the agencies for which you cross-service/disburse payments.

Audits/Assessments/Reviews

- 9. Does your agency utilize the services offered by Fiscal Service Do Not Pay (DNP)?
 - a. If yes, please confirm which data sources you are reviewing before payment issuance to make payment eligibility decisions?
 - b. If No, please explain how your agency is complying with the requirements of IPERIA?
- 10. Is your agency currently matching with the Fiscal Service Treasury Offset Program database of delinquent debtors?
 - a. If yes,
 - i. Are you offsetting payments to recipients who have a delinquent debt with the U.S. Government?
 - ii. Do you track the number of offsets by both dollar amount and quantity?
 - b. If no
 - i. When does your agency intend to comply with the offset provisions of the DCIA?
 - ii. What actions are being taken to meet this compliance?
- 11. Does your agency have an internal offset process?
 - a. If yes, please describe the process.
 - b. If no, what assurance do you have that your agency is not disbursing a payment to a debtor of the Federal Government?
- 12. When and by whom was your agency's last security assessment on the disbursement process performed?
- 13. Does your agency conduct risk assessments of the disbursement process?
 - a. If yes, indicate the date and nature of the most recent assessment.
- 14. Related to disbursements, what has been the schedule of audits for your agency for the past 3 years?

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Bureau of the Fiscal Service/Disbursing and Debt Management Non-Treasury Disbursed Offices Self-Certification Guide for Delegated Disbursing Agencies

- a. Over the last 3 years, has your agency ever been cited in an audit for material weaknesses or significant deficiencies which relate to disbursements?
 - i. If yes,
 - 1. Explain the situation(s) under which your agency was found to have a material weakness/significant deficiency and enclose a copy of the audit.
 - 2. In response to the above, what was the corrective action your agency has taken?
 - 3. How long did it take to resolve the above audit finding?
 - 4. Are any of these repeat findings?
 - 5. Have any of these audit findings remained unresolved greater than one year?
- 15. Within the last 3 years, has your agency ever been in non-compliance or reported qualified assurance with FFMIA?
 - a. If yes,
 - i. Please explain the circumstances under which your agency was in noncompliance or reported qualified assurance, and
 - ii. Describe the specific corrective actions taken by your agency to remedy issues of noncompliance or qualified assurance including the length of time it took to complete the corrective actions.

Agency Internal Controls for Disbursements

- 16. Describe your agency's overall internal controls with regard to disbursements. Within your description indicate the written procedures and manual and systematic controls that your agency utilizes to ensure:
 - a. The proper certification of disbursements;
 - b. The presence of supervisory controls and reviews;
 - c. Employee separations of duty (Are responsibilities clearly divided so as to avoid duplication, overlap or conflicts?);
 - d. A clear delineation of authority and responsibility; and
 - e. The absence of duplicate payments



- 17. Describe what controls are in place to abate theft, fraud, or abuse.
- 18. Describe how your agency's disbursements are accounted and reported. Does your agency have written procedures that contain a description of the method(s), mechanisms and frequency for reporting your agency's disbursement transactions to the U.S. Treasury?
- 19. In the case of a \$50 million or larger disbursement, does your agency give proper notification to Treasury beforehand?
 - a. If no, please describe the circumstances for not notifying Treasury beforehand.

Agency Records/Maintenance Controls

- 20. Does your agency have a formal retention policy for disbursement records?
 - a. Describe the alignment between your agency's formal record retention policy and your agency's specific procedures for the maintenance, storage and applicable destruction of manual and electronic disbursements, and disbursement accounting records.
- 21. Is access to areas that store electronic information limited to those with an official need to know?
 - a. How is access controlled?

Agency Check and Check Stock Controls

- 22. How does your agency report your detailed check-issue transmittals to the U.S. Treasury?
- 23. What is the frequency with which your agency reports your check issuance?



- 24. What measures does your agency take to ensure the timely reporting of your check issuance to Fiscal Service?
 - a. Within the last fiscal year, has your agency ever been late in reporting your check issuance?
 - b. If so, why and what measures has you agency taken to mitigate the situation?
- 25. Within the last fiscal year, has your agency received an Advice of Check Issue Discrepancy?
 - a. If yes, what measures has your agency taken to correct the discrepancy and to mitigate future errors?
- 26. Describe all occurrences in the past 2 years in which your agency released duplicate payments or other improper payments.
- 27. Does your agency perform verifications of values, worth, or amounts of shipments related to check stock and live checks? (This would apply to the receipt at bulk storage points of shipments of check stock, verification of audits, and allotment shipments to the United States Postal Service.)
 - a. If yes, describe the internal controls used by your agency to secure live checks and check stock. Include in your description the types of controlled areas in which live checks and check stock are stored, and who, and at what times, individuals have access to these areas.
 - b. Also, describe the procedures for dual control and the escorting of visitors.
- 28. Describe the process and internal controls your agency uses when voiding live checks. Include in your description how and when checks are voided, who (job function) voids the checks, the supervisory controls, and/or how spoiled, damaged, unusable, and voided checks are accounted for and reported.
- 29. Within the last 3 years, has there been any evidence of fraud, waste, or abuse in the maintenance of live checks or check stock? Describe when the occurrence took place and any corrective action that was taken as a result of it.
- 30. Within the last 3 years, has there been any occurrence of lost check stock? Describe



when the occurrence took place and any corrective action that was taken because of it.

- 31. Describe your agency's process for performing periodic check inventories of live checks and check stock.
- 32. Describe your agency's prescribed process for destroying checks. Include in your description the method(s) for destruction, how destroyed checks are recorded, and the controls for witnessing.



The following is for informational purposes only. <u>Agencies should complete their letters on agency letterhead</u>.

Example of Agency Self-Certification Letter:

(Date)

Department of the Treasury Bureau of the Fiscal Service Attn: Chief Disbursing Officer/LCB Room 336 3201 Pennsy Drive, Building E Landover, MD 20785

Dear [Insert Name]:

Thank you for your memorandum\email of (Insert Date), Bureau of Fiscal Service request for Self-Certification of Compliance with the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act of 1982 (FMFIA), Section 2 and Section 4 requirements with Delegated Disbursing Authority. The (insert Department/Agency Name) has (No. of Ex... 1, 2, 3...) Non-Treasury Disbursing Officers (NTDOs) delegation(s).

Please find enclosed the requested questionnaire and relevant documentation in response to your memorandum. As you will see from the completed questionnaire, the Department is diligent in its efforts to remain compliant with FMFIA, Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2012 (IPERIA) and Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (DCIA). (Site any additional references you feel are applicable)

Based on the response to the questionnaire and analysis to the questions held therein, (insert Department/Agency Name) gives (Select one) "can give reasonable assurance (unqualified statement)"; "can give reasonable assurance with the exception of the material weaknesses noted (qualified statement)"; "cannot provide reasonable assurance (a statement of no assurance)" in compliance with sections 2 and 4 of FMFIA. (Add any additional supporting information for this statement you may have such as a recent financial report, audit opinions etc...)

In accordance with the Treasury Financial Manual, Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000, the Department has completed the full self-assessment and self-certify compliance to the following:

1. The Department requires a particular level of service for disbursing funds that Fiscal Service cannot provide;



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- 2. We believe the delegation is more efficient and cost effective to the Federal government and the public;
- 3. The Department's unique global presence and 24/7 response needs preclude the cash management needs of the Treasury;
- 4. The Department maintains effective internal controls and complies with pertinent security guidelines;
- 5. The Department follows the disbursing official and cashier guidelines set forth under 31 USC 3322, 3325, and 3528;
- 6. The Department assumes full accountability and liability for all disbursements issued under the delegation. The Department does not delegate the duties and functions related to the delegation to another party without consultation and prior written approval by the Chief Disbursing Officer;
- 7. The Department reports all disbursements made under the delegation of our payment accounting reports to Fiscal Service, using the appropriate agency accounting codes, as authorized by Fiscal Service;
- 8. As an Agency with delegated disbursing authority, the Department practices effective security and internal control measures as prescribed by Fiscal Service (in Treasury Directive No. 71-10), GAO, and the Office of Management and Budget (0MB); and
- 9. The Department substantially complies with the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996 (FFMIA), 31 U.S.C. § 3512, note.

We hope this information is helpful in illustrating (insert Department/Agency Name) sustained need for NTDO delegation. Please feel free to contact us further with any questions on our self-certification, and we look forward to continuing our dialogue with the Fiscal Service on how to further improve global disbursements and cash management.

Sincerely,

(Agency head or an appropriate accountable officer of the agency signature) (*Digital Signatures acceptable*)

Enclosures as Stated



The following is for informational purposes only. Fiscal Service will provide this letter on agency letterhead.

Example of Fiscal Service Response Letter:

(Date)

(Name), (Title) (Agency Mailing Address)

Dear (Name):

Thank you for the response to the Bureau of the Fiscal Service's (Fiscal Service) request for a Mandatory Self-Certification of Compliance with the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act of 1982 (FMFIA), Section 2 and Section 4 requirements with Delegated Disbursing Authority. Effective November 1, 2018, all agencies with delegated disbursing authority were required to conduct a review of their disbursing operations to ensure that they are in compliance with the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act of 1982 (FMFIA), Section 2 and Section 4 requirements. Specifically, each agency must self-certify that their Section 2 and Section 4 reports, as they relate to disbursements, provide reasonable assurance that the agency is in compliance with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements, through its submission of the completed self-certification and questionnaire to the Fiscal Service Chief Disbursing Officer. To the extent that an agency self-certifies "non-compliance" or "qualified assurance" with Section 2 and Section 4 requirements, it must identify all material weaknesses and its corrective action plan to achieve compliance within an identified timeframe. Lastly, this mandate requires that every 2 years, agencies with delegated disbursing authority shall conduct a review of their disbursing operations to ensure that they comply with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements. *Your next submission to Fiscal Service will be in (Date)*.

The responses given by you in your letter dated (Date) and the attached questionnaire attested to the following:

In accordance with the Treasury Financial Manual, Volume I, Part 4A, Chapter 4000, you have completed the full self-assessment and self-certify compliance to the following:

- 1. Agency requires a particular level of service for disbursing funds that Fiscal Service cannot provide;
- 2. Delegation is more efficient and cost effective to the Federal government and the public;
- 3. Agency's needs preclude the cash management needs of the Treasury;
- 4. Agency maintains effective internal controls and complies with pertinent security guidelines;
- 5. Agency follows the disbursing official and cashier guidelines set forth under 31 USC 3322, 3325, and 3528;
- 6. Agency assumes full accountability and liability for all disbursements issued under the delegation. The agency must not delegate the duties and functions related to the delegation to another party without consultation and prior written approval by the Chief Disbursing Officer;
- 7. Agency reporting of all disbursements made under the delegation in the agency's payment accounting reports to Fiscal Service, using the appropriate agency accounting codes, as authorized by Fiscal Service. The agency must submit immediately to the Chief Disbursing Officer any irregularity in accounts involving disbursement activity. Furthermore, the agency must resolve any irregularities or discrepancies associated with such reports;
- 8. Agency shall periodically obtain the services of a third party to assess the need for the delegated authority. This agency report will be provided to Treasury;



- 9. As an Agency with delegated disbursing authority, the agency practices effective security and internal control measures as prescribed by Fiscal Service (in Treasury Directive No. 71-10), GAO, and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB); and
- 10. Agency is in compliance with the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996 (FFMIA), 31 U.S.C. § 3512, note.

Delegated disbursing authority is the specific authorization from the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Bureau of the Fiscal Service to an agency, permitting the agency to disburse funds for a specific purpose or application. The delegation of disbursing authority specifies the disbursement mechanism(s) and authorizations. A delegation of disbursing authority is provided pursuant to the authority granted to the Secretary of the Treasury in 31 U.S.C. 3321 (b). Fiscal Service's programmatic responsibility is to provide oversight and guidance to delegated disbursing agencies. It is incumbent upon agencies with delegated disbursing authority to ensure that they have proper controls for accountability and security in place. Fiscal Service delegates disbursing authority to agencies on a very limited basis.

Based upon a review of your answers and documentation provided, Fiscal Service (insert FS decision to "affirms" or "rejects") your conclusion of giving (Insert Agency's self-certification statement chosen). (Agency Name) ("meets" or "does not meet") the prescribed standards for internal controls and disbursing and is in compliance with FMFIA, Section 2 and Section 4 requirements, the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2012 (IPERIA), and the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, as amended (DCIA). At this time, I (will OR will not) recommend that the Non-Treasury Disbursing Authorities issued to the (Agency Name) be rescinded. As of the date of this letter, this certification will remain in effect for two (2) years or upon such time that circumstances deem a re-evaluation necessary within the 2 year timeframe. Please feel free to contact me with any questions.

Sincerely,

(Name)

Assistant Commissioner, Payment Management and Chief Disbursing Officer



Contacts

Direct questions concerning this guide to:

Margot Kaeser or her designee Margot.Kaeser@fiscal.treasury.gov 202-874-6781